

Application of ClamR

Jonathan M. Lees and Ting Wang
University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill
Department of Geological Sciences
CB #3315, Mitchell Hall
Chapel Hill, NC 27599-3315
email: jonathan.lees@unc.edu
ph: (919) 962-0695

July 30, 2015

```
library(RPMG)
library(ClamR)
nomoredev<-function()
{
  dev.off()
}
```

1 Load CLAM1

Load the CLAM1 data at the attachment.

CLAM1.RData: one-year data interval (4.68-9.31 mm) of $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ record of an archaeological limpet *Patella vulgata* (specimen QG2-1064-1) from Orkney, Scotland (Surge and Barrett, 2012).

```
### load("./DATA/CLAM1.RData", verbose=TRUE)
data(CLAM1)
```

Plot the data

```
shell_x=CLAM1$x[38:70]
shell_y=CLAM1$y[38:70]
o181 = jpeg(file='./FIGS/o181.png', width=12, height=12, bg='white')
plot(shell_x,shell_y,xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
      ylab=expression(delta*"180(% VPDB)"))
nomoredev()
```

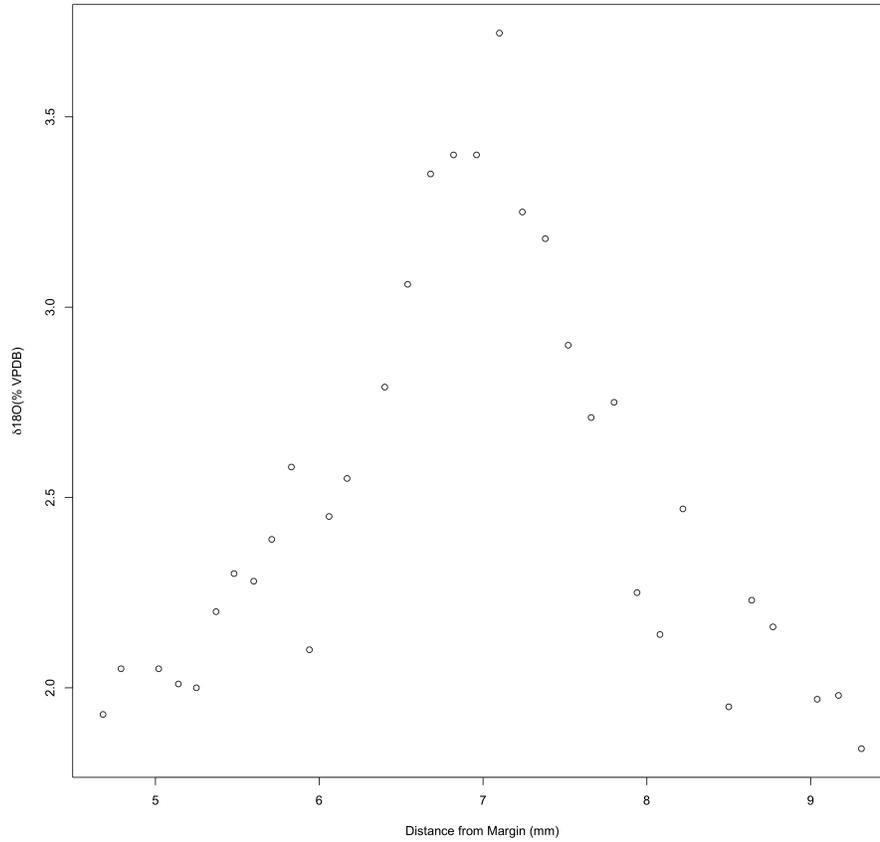


Figure 1: ClamR Example ./FIGS/o181.png

```

null device
  1

```

2 Conduct the case studies as the ordero in the manuscript.

2.1 Application of ClamR to oxygen isotope record (5.1)

The x range for the section CLAM1[38:70]is 4.68mm to 9.31mm.

```

#The x range for the section CLAM1[38:70]is 4.68mm to 9.31mm
testx1=seq(4.68, 9.31,length=33)
#add Gaussian noise
#change the parameter of simulated sine and make them closer the shell range,
### the amplitude of sine equals half of the shell_y range, and the period
## equals the shell_x range, and the position equals to the mean of all shell_y
### value and the phase equals to 1/4 of the shell_x range

testy1=0.94*sin((testx1-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5+rnorm(33,mean=0,sd=0.25)
# Find the window with the minimum of least square error and plot it
# window size should be between 1/2 and 1 wavelength, here the dx is 2*window size,
### so dx should be (9.31-4.68)=4.63 mm to 2*4.63=9.26mm, same for the following two.
# the average sampling density is 4.63/33 =0.140303, so we approximate it to 0.2
# the window requires at least 4 data or samples to run, therefore,
### the minimum dx should be 8*density approximately 1.6
window_testx1=windowsize(testx1,testy1,1.6,9.4,0.2)
# The best window is at around 4.8 (close to the theoretical 4.63),
### so we selected the maximum of allowrance 4.5 mm based on the outplot plot,
## and make all the plots for this test all together
# Mark the best window size with a vertical line

gout_testx1 = proxyJK(testx1, testy1, 4.8)

```

Plot the panel of results:

```

FIGpanel1 = jpeg(file='./FIGS/FIGpanel1.png', width=7, height=8, bg='white')
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
plot(testx1,testy1,xlim=c(4,10),ylim = c(1.5,4),
      xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
      ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"))
lines(testx1,0.94*sin((testx1-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5, lty="dotted")
#abline(x)
plot((window_testx1$win)/2,window_testx1$error,
      xlab="Window Size (mm)",
      ylab="Error",xlim=c(1.6/2,9.4/2), ylim=c(0,0.5))
abline(v=4.63/2, lty="dotdash",col='black')
abline(v=4.8/2, col='black')
#arrows(4.5, 0, x1 = 4.8, y1 = 0.14)
plotproxy1(testx1, testy1, gout_testx1, xlim=c(4,10),
            ylim = c(1.5,4), xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
            ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), main="")
plotproxy.all(gout_testx1, YAXstyle=1, xlim=c(4,10),
              ylim1=c(0,4), ylim2=c(-15,5))
plotproxy.error(testx1, testy1, gout_testx1, type = 1,
                xlim=c(4,10),ylim = c(1.5,4), xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",

```

```

        ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)")
lines(testx1,0.94*sin((testx1-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5, lty="dotted")
plotproxy.error(testx1, testy1, gout_testx1, type = 2, xlim=c(4,10),
        ylim = c(1.5,4), xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
        ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"))
lines(testx1,0.94*sin((testx1-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5, lty="dotted")
nomoredev()
null device
      1

```

Change the amplitude of gaussian noise into 0.1 permil VPDB noise standard deviation and repeat.

```

#change the amplitude of gaussian noise into 0.1 permil VPDB noise standard deviation and r
testx11=seq(4.68, 9.31,length=33)
testy11=0.94*sin((testx11-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5+rnorm(33,mean=0,sd=0.1)
window_testx11=windowsize(testx11,testy11,1.6,9.4,0.2)
#The best window is at around 4.8 (close to the theoretical 4.63), so we selected the maxim
#Mark the best window size with a vertical line

gout_testx11 = proxyJK(testx11, testy11, 4.8)

```

```

TEMP1 = jpeg(file='./FIGS/TEMP1.png',width=7, height=8, bg='white')
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
plot(testx11,testy11,xlim=c(4,10),ylim = c(1.5,4),
        xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
        ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"))
lines(testx11,0.94*sin((testx11-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5, lty="dotted")
plot((window_testx11$win)/2,window_testx11$error,
        xlab="Window Size (mm)", ylab="Error",xlim=c(1.6/2,9.4/2), ylim=c(0,0.5))
abline(v=4.63/2, lty="dotted", col='black')
abline(v=4.8/2, col='black')
plotproxy1(testx11, testy11, gout_testx11,
        xlim=c(4,10),ylim = c(1.5,4), xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
        ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), main="")
plotproxy.all(gout_testx11, YAXstyle=1, xlim=c(4,10),
        ylim1=c(0,4), ylim2=c(-15,5))
plotproxy.error(testx11, testy11, gout_testx11, type = 1,
        xlim=c(4,10),ylim = c(1.5,4),
        xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
        ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"))
lines(testx11,0.94*sin((testx11-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5, lty="dotted")
plotproxy.error(testx11, testy11, gout_testx11,
        type = 2, xlim=c(4,10),ylim = c(1.5,4),
        xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",

```

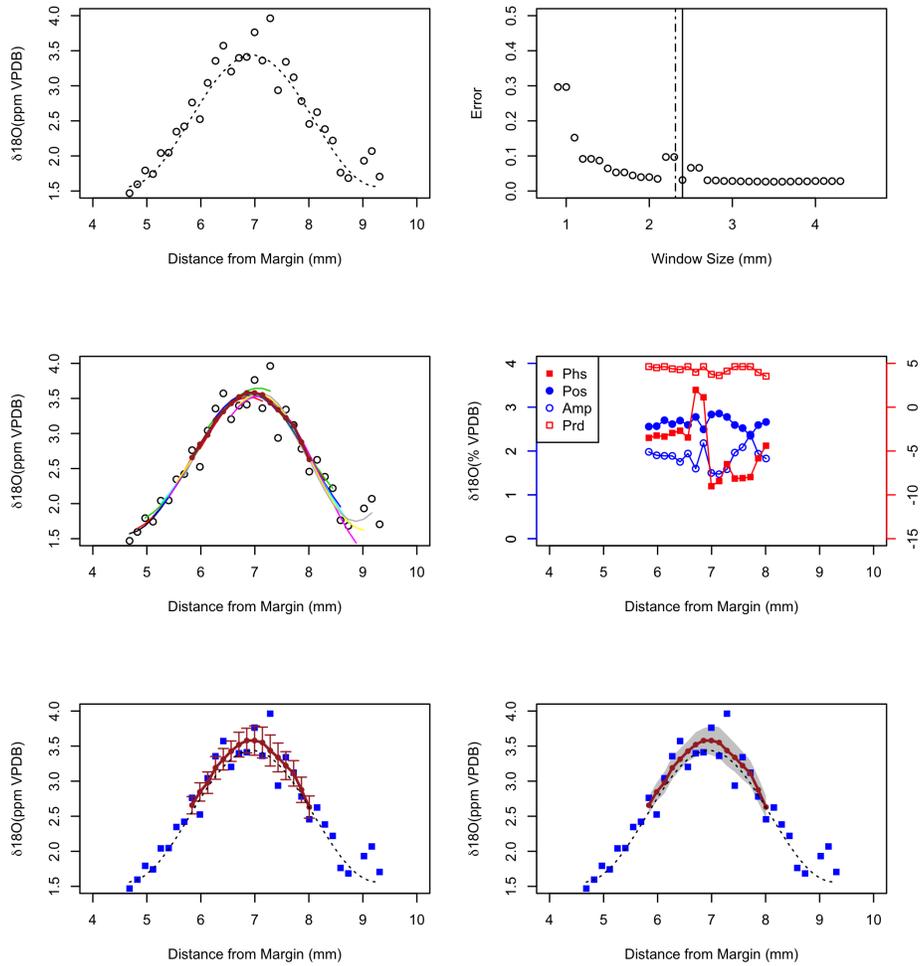


Figure 2: ClamR Example `./FIGS/FIGpanel1.png`

```

        ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)")
lines(testx11,0.94*sin((testx11-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5, lty="dotted")
nomoredev()
null device
      1

```

Test the data (testx2, testy2) that has unequal distance interval.

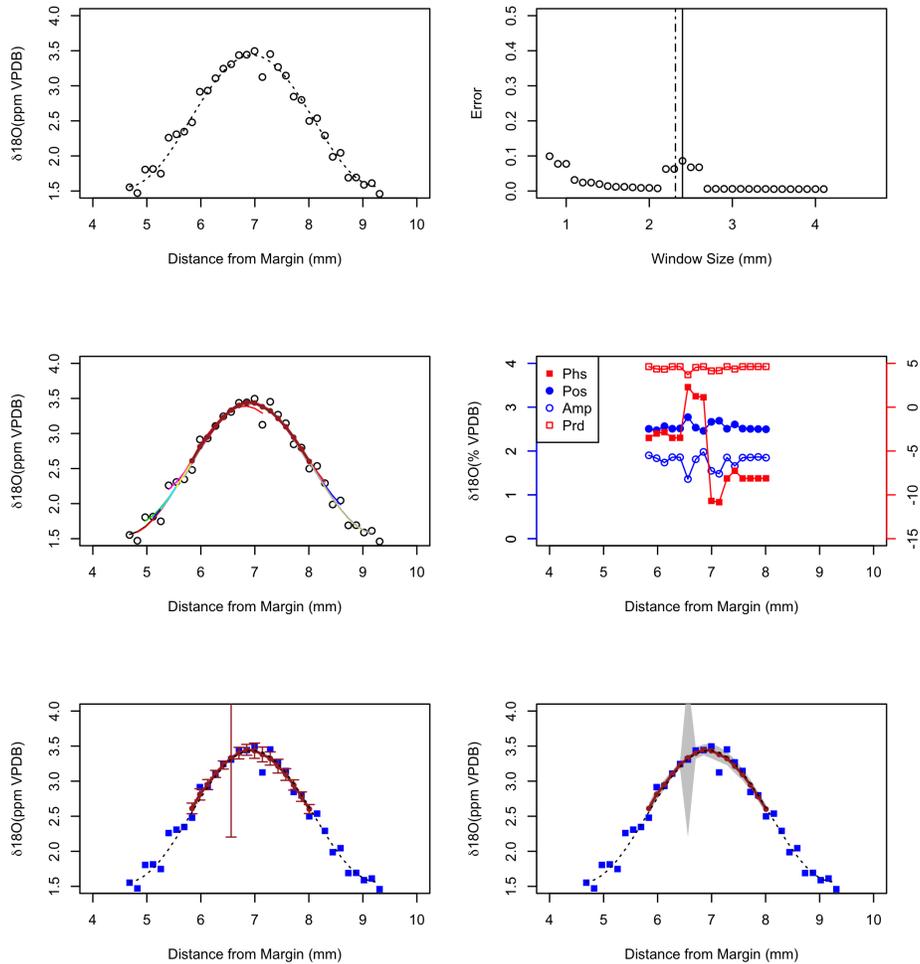


Figure 3: ClamR Example ./FIGS/TEMP1.png

```

###Test the data (testx2, testy2) that has unequal distance interval
testx2=shell_x
#testy2=sin(2*pi/3*testx2)+3+rnorm(33,mean=0,sd=0.25)
testy2=0.94*sin((testx2-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5+rnorm(33,mean=0,sd=0.25)
#Find the window with the minimum of least square error and plot it
window_testx2=windowsize(testx2,testy2,1.8,9.4,0.2)
#The best window is 4.5mm, and make all the plots for this test all together
gout_testx2 = proxyJK(testx2, testy2, 5)

```

```

TEMP2 =jpng(file='./FIGS/TEMP2.png',width=7, height=8, bg='white')
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
plot(testx2,testy2,xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
      ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), xlim=c(4,10),ylim = c(1.5,4))
lines(testx2,0.94*sin((testx2-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5, lty="dotted")
plot((window_testx2$win)/2,window_testx2$error,xlab="Window Size (mm)",
      ylab="Error", xlim=c(1.6/2,9.4/2), ylim=c(0,0.5))
abline(v=4.63/2, lty="dotted",col='black')
abline(v=5/2,col='black')
plotproxy1(testx2, testy2, gout_testx2,
            xlim=c(4,10), ylim = c(1.5,4),
            xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
            ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), main="")
plotproxy.all(gout_testx2, YAXstyle=1,
              xlim=c(4,10),ylim1=c(0,4), ylim2=c(-15,5))
plotproxy.error(testx2, testy2, gout_testx2, type = 1, xlim=c(4,10),
                ylim = c(1.5,4), xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
                ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"))
lines(testx2,0.94*sin((testx2-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5, lty="dotted")
plotproxy.error(testx2, testy2, gout_testx2, type = 2, xlim=c(4,10),
                ylim = c(1.5,4), xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
                ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"))
lines(testx2,0.94*sin((testx2-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5, lty="dotted")
nomoredev()
null device
      1

```

Change the amplitude of gaussian noise into 0.1 permil VPDB noise standard deviation and repeat.

```

#change the amplitude of gaussian noise into 0.1 permil VPDB noise standard deviation and r
testx22=shell_x
testy22=0.94*sin((testx22-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5+rnorm(33,mean=0,sd=0.1)
#Find the window with the minimum of least square error and plot it
window_testx22=windowsize(testx22,testy22,1.8,9.4,0.2)
#The best window is 4.5mm, and make all the plots for this test all together
gout_testx22 = proxyJK(testx22, testy22, 5)

```

```

TEMP3 = jpng(file='./FIGS/TEMP3.png',width=7, height=8, bg='white')
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
plot(testx22,testy22,xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",

```

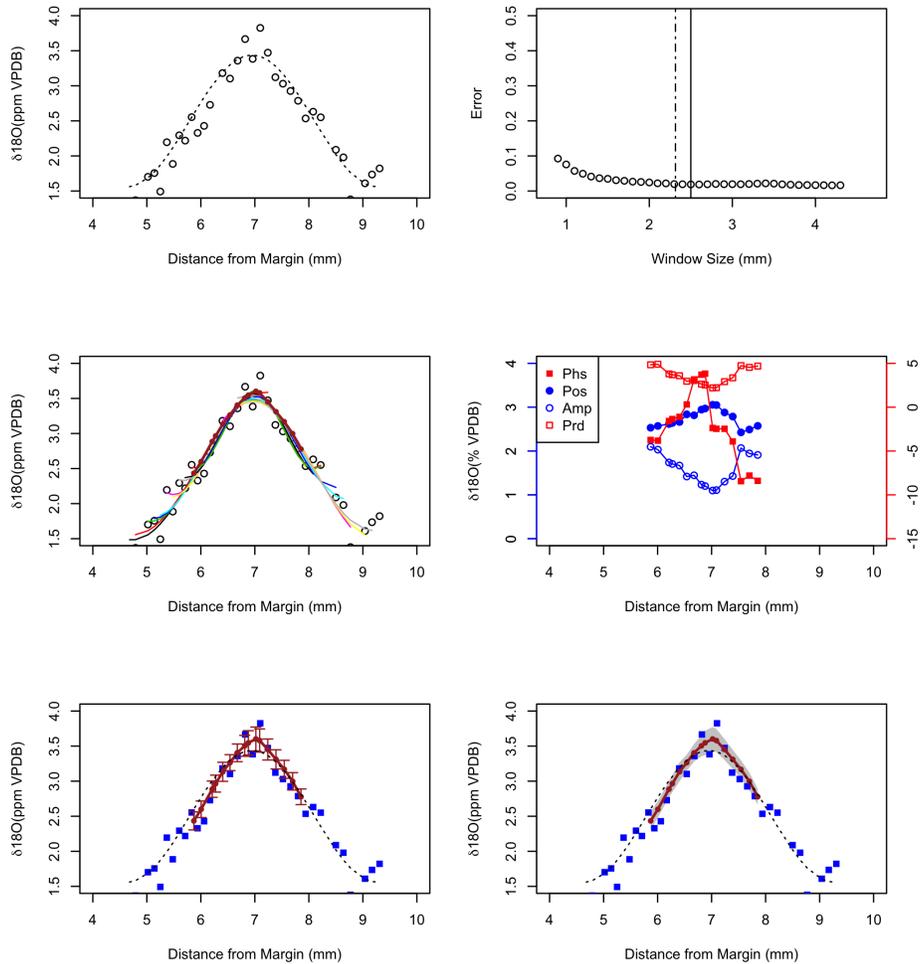


Figure 4: ClamR Example ./FIGS/TEMP2.png

```

ylab=expression(delta*"18O(ppm VPDB)"), xlim=c(4,10),
ylim = c(1.5,4)
lines(testx22,0.94*sin((testx22-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5, lty="dotted")
plot((window_testx22$win)/2,window_testx22$error,xlab="Window Size (mm)",
      ylab="Error", xlim=c(1.6/2,9.4/2), ylim=c(0,0.5))
abline(v=4.63/2, lty="dotdash",col='black')
abline(v=5/2, col='black')
plotproxy1(testx22, testy22, gout_testx22, xlim=c(4,10), ylim = c(1.5,4),

```

```

        xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
        ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), main="")
plotproxy.all(gout_testx22, YAXstyle=1,
              xlim=c(4,10),ylim1=c(0,4), ylim2=c(-15,5))
plotproxy.error(testx22, testy22, gout_testx22, type = 1, xlim=c(4,10),
                ylim = c(1.5,4), xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
                ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"))
lines(testx22,0.94*sin((testx22-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5, lty="dotted")
plotproxy.error(testx22, testy22, gout_testx22, type = 2,
                xlim=c(4,10), ylim = c(1.5,4), xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
                ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"))
lines(testx22,0.94*sin((testx22-1.16)*2*pi/4.63)+2.5, lty="dotted")
nomoredev()
null device
      1

```

ClamR analysis of limpet oxygen isotope and test the shell data CLAM1[38:70].

```

####5.1.3 ClamR analysis of limpet oxygen isotope and test the shell data CLAM1[38:70]
window_shell=window_size(shell_x,shell_y,1.8,9.4,0.2)
#the window size is 5mm, and make all the plots together
gout_shell = proxyJK(shell_x, shell_y, 5)

```

```

TEMP4 = jpeg(file='./FIGS/TEMP4.png',width=7, height=8, bg='white')
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
plot(shell_x,shell_y,xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
      ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"),
      xlim=c(4,10), ylim = c(1.5,4))
plot((window_shell$win)/2,window_shell$error,xlab="Window Size (mm)",
      ylab="Error", xlim=c(1.6/2,9.4/2), ylim=c(0,0.5))
abline(v=4.63/2, lty="dotdash",col='black')
abline(v=5/2, col='black')
plotproxy1(shell_x, shell_y, gout_shell, xlim=c(4,10), ylim = c(1.5,4),
           xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
           ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), main="")
plotproxy.all(gout_shell,YAXstyle=1, xlim=c(4,10), ylim1=c(0,4),
              ylim2=c(-15,5))
plotproxy.error(shell_x, shell_y, gout_shell, type = 1, xlim=c(4,10),
                ylim = c(1.5,4), xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
                ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"))
plotproxy.error(shell_x, shell_y, gout_shell, type = 2, xlim=c(4,10),
                ylim = c(1.5,4), xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",

```

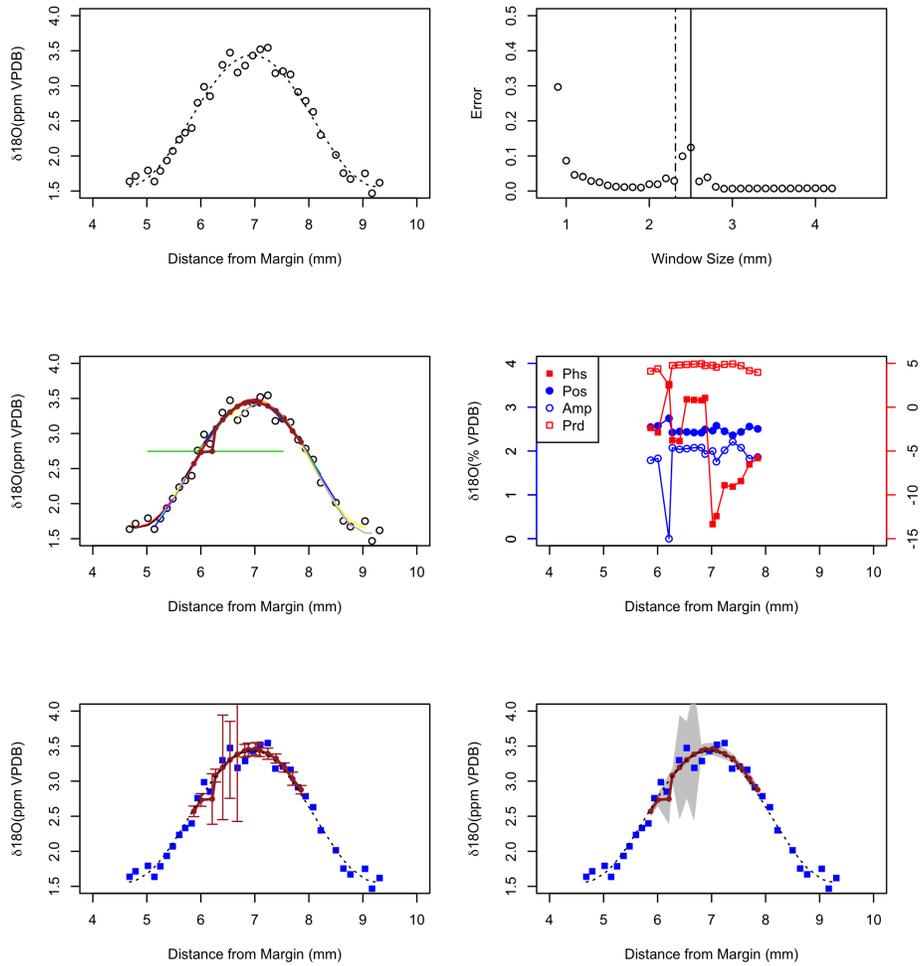


Figure 5: ClamR Example ./FIGS/TEMP3.png

```

ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"))
nomoredev()
null device
1

```

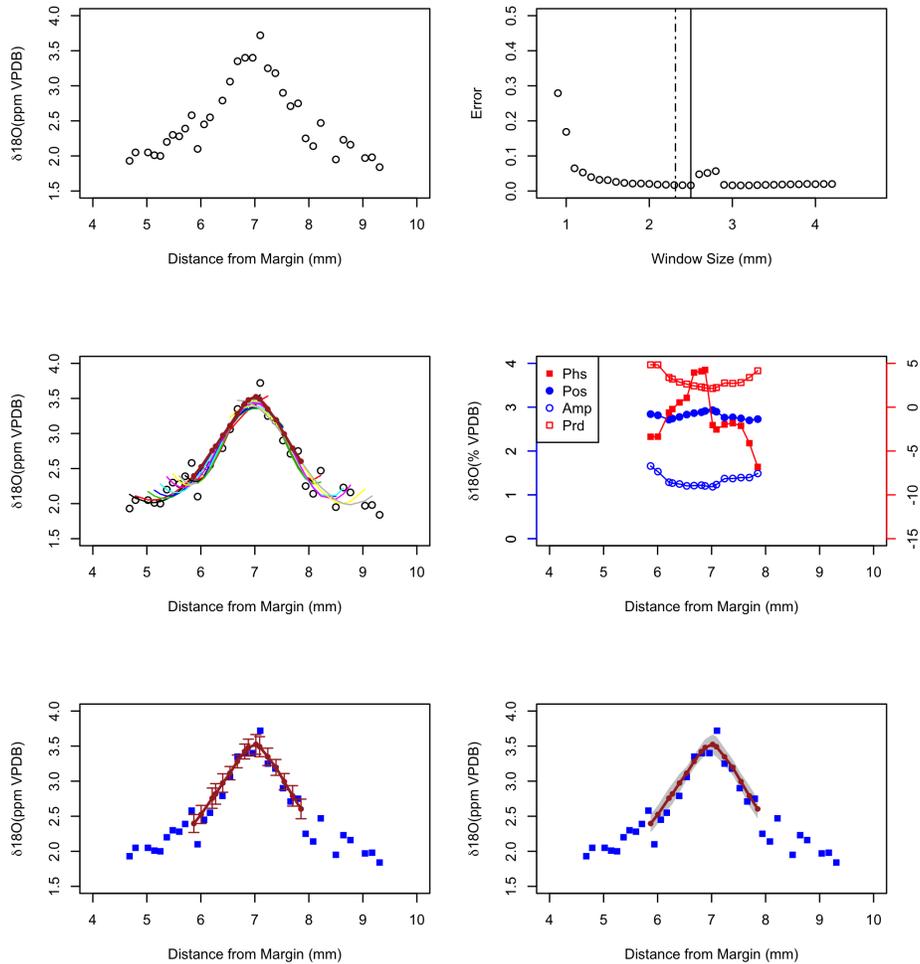


Figure 6: ClamR Example ./FIGS/TEMP4.png

3 Otolith

ClamR analysis of otolith oxygen isotope and application to Bruce and Linda Ivany otolith $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ data.

otolith.csv: $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ record of an aragonite otolith from the early Oligocene Rosefield Clay in the US Gulf Coast (Ivany, 2000).

```
###5.1.4 ClamR analysis of otolith oxygen isotope and application to
### Bruce and Linda Ivany otolith  $\delta^{18}\text{O}$  data.
```

```

##   otolith=read.csv(file="./DATA/otolith.csv",header=TRUE)

data(otolith)
otolith_d<-otolith$distance
otolith_o<-otolith$d180
#half of the wavelength (minimum to minimum distance) is 0.69, the whole wavelength is 1.38
#sampling density is 0.03920, round it to 0.1, so eight points is 0.8mm
window_otolith=windowsize(otolith_d,otolith_o,0.8,2.8,0.1)
#set window size to 1.3mm
gout_otolith = proxyJK(otolith_d, otolith_o, 1.3)

TEMP5=jpng(file='./FIGS/TEMP5.png',width=7, height=8, bg='white')
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
plot(otolith_d,otolith_o,xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
     ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), xlim=c(0.3,2.9), ylim=c(-1.5,1))
plot((window_otolith$win)/2,window_otolith$error,xlab="Window Size (mm)",
     ylab="Error", xlim=c(0.8/2,2.8/2), ylim=c(0,0.5))
abline(v=1.38/2, lty="dotted", col='black')
abline(v=1.3/2, col='black')
plotproxy1(otolith_d, otolith_o, gout_otolith, xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
           ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"),main="",
           xlim=c(0.3,2.9), ylim=c(-1.5,1))
plotproxy.all(gout_otolith, YAXstyle=1, xlim=c(0.3,2.9),
              ylim1=c(-1,2), ylim2=c(-4,4))
plotproxy.error(otolith_d, otolith_o, gout_otolith, type = 1,
                xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
                ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"),
                xlim=c(0.3,2.9), ylim=c(-1.5,1))
plotproxy.error(otolith_d, otolith_o, gout_otolith, type = 2,
                xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
                ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"),
                xlim=c(0.3,2.9), ylim=c(-1.5,1))

nomoredev()
null device
      1

```

4 Application of ClamR to reconstructed temperature record (5.2)

The data 'rwplimpet' are estimated temperatures based on the oxygen isotope time series from an archaeological limpet *Patella vulgata* (specimen103a-39-1)

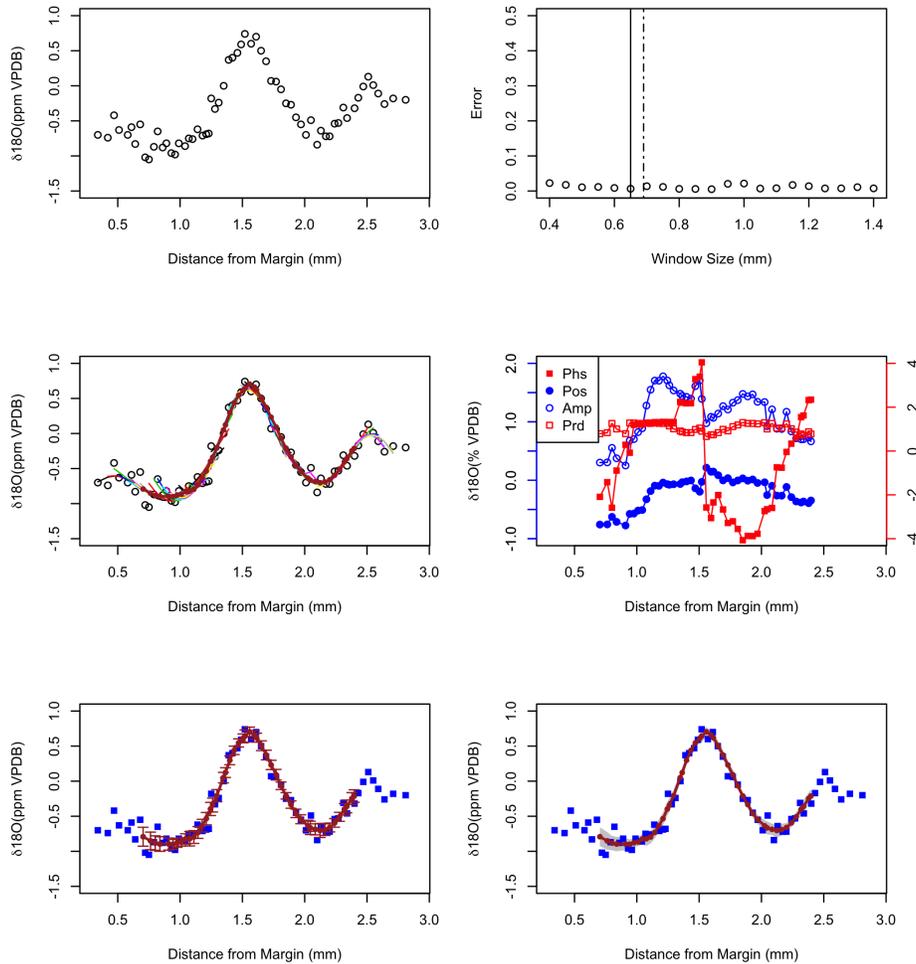


Figure 7: ClamR Example `./FIGS/TEMP5.png`

from Croig Cave (Wang et al., 2012)

```
####5.2: Application of ClamR to reconstructed temperature record
##5.2.1. ClamR analysis of temperatures reconstructed from shell oxygen isotope
####Application to estimated temperatures from archaeological
###   RWP shell 103a-39-1 with 3 years of temperature data

##   rwp_limpet=read.csv(file="./DATA/rwp_limpet.csv",header=TRUE)
```

```

data(rwp_limpet)
#the distance of the first year from the left is named as distance1, so is the temperature
distance1 <- rwp_limpet$distance1[1:29]
temp1 <- rwp_limpet$temp1[1:29]
#0.24 to 2.08
#analysis of distance1 and temp1, 1.84 (half of the wavelength) to 3.68 (the wavelength from
#density 1.84/(29-4-3-1)=0.0876, approximate to 0.1; initial dx is 8*0.1=0.8
window_temp1=window_size(distance1,temp1,0.8,3.7,0.1)
gout_rwp1 = proxyJK(distance1, temp1, 1.7)

TEMP6= jpeg(file='./FIGS/TEMP6.png',width=7, height=8, bg='white')
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
plot(distance1,temp1,xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
      ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)")),
      xlim=c(0,3), ylim=c(3,18))
plot(window_temp1$win,window_temp1$error,xlab="Window Size (mm)",
      ylab="Error", xlim=c(0.8,3.7),ylim=c(0,10))
abline(v=1.84, lty="dotdash", col='black')
abline(v=1.7, col='black')
plotproxy1(distance1, temp1, gout_rwp1, xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
           ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)")),xlim=c(0,3),
           ylim=c(3,18), main="")
plotproxy.all(gout_rwp1, YAXstyle=1,xlim=c(0,3),
             ylab1=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)")),ylim1=c(0,15),
             ylim2=c(-10,10),legposition="bottomright")
plotproxy.error(distance1, temp1, gout_rwp1, type = 1, xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
               ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)")),xlim=c(0,3), ylim=c(3,18))
plotproxy.error(distance1, temp1, gout_rwp1, type = 2, xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
               ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)")),xlim=c(0,3), ylim=c(3,18))
nomoredev()
null device
      1

```

the distance of the second year from the left is named as distance2, so is the temperature:

```

#the distance of the second year from the left is named as distance2, so is the temperature
distance2<-rwp_limpet$distance2[1:30]
temp2<-rwp_limpet$temp2[1:30]
#2.08 to 3.85
#analysis of distance1 and temp1, 1.77 (half of the wavelength) to 3.54 (the wavelength from
#density 1.77/(29-3-2-1)=0.077, approximate to 0.1; initial dx is 8*0.1=0.8

```

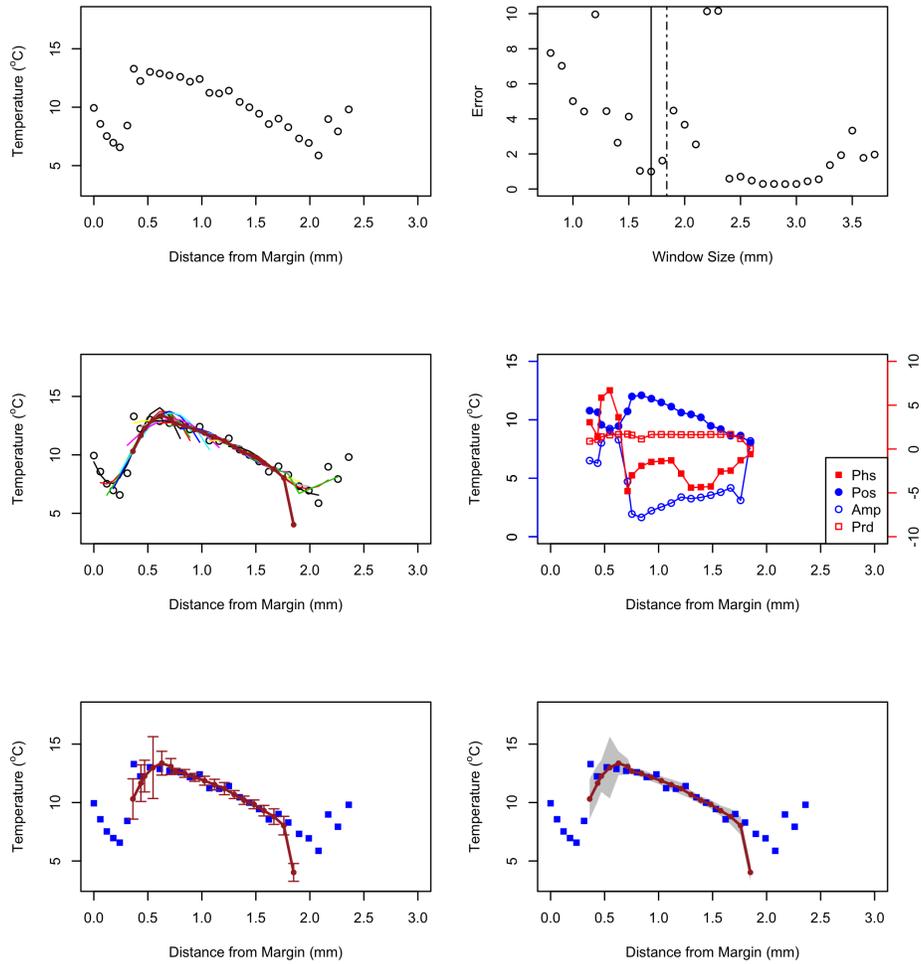


Figure 8: ClamR Example ./FIGS/TEMP6.png

```

window_temp2=windowsize(distance2,temp2,0.8,3.6,0.1)
gout_rwp2 = proxyJK(distance2, temp2, 1.9)

```

```

TEMP7=jpg(file='./FIGS/TEMP7.png',width=7, height=8, bg='white')
par(mfrow=c(3,2))

```

```

plot(distance2,temp2,xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
      ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o","C)")),xlim=c(1,4),
      ylim=c(3,18))
plot(window_temp2$win>window_temp2$error,xlab="Window Size (mm)",
      ylab="Error",xlim=c(0.8,3.7),ylim=c(0,10))
abline(v=1.77, lty="dotdash", col='black')
abline(v=1.9, col='black')
plotproxy1(distance2, temp2, gout_rwp2, xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
            ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o","C)")),
            xlim=c(1,4), ylim=c(3,18), main="")
plotproxy.all(gout_rwp2, YAXstyle=1,xlim=c(1,4),
              ylab1=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o","C)")),
              ylim1=c(0,15), ylim2=c(-10,10),legposition="bottomright")
plotproxy.error(distance2, temp2, gout_rwp2, type = 1, xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
                ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o","C)")),xlim=c(1,4), ylim=c(3,18))
plotproxy.error(distance2, temp2, gout_rwp2, type = 2, xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
                ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o","C)")),xlim=c(1,4), ylim=c(3,18))
nomoredev()
null device
      1

```

the distance of the third year from the left is named as distance3, so is the temperature:

```

#the distance of the third year from the left is named as distance3, so is the temperature
distance3<-rwp_limpet$distance3[1:28]
temp3<-rwp_limpet$temp3[1:28]
#3.85 to 6.11
#analysis of distance1 and temp1, 2.26 (half of the wavelength) to 4.52 (the wavelength from
#density 2.26/(28-3-2-1)=0.102, approximate to 0.1; initial dx is 8*0.1=0.8, but we are not
#analysis of distance3 and temp3, 1.13 to 2.26 for the wavelength range
window_temp3=window_size(distance3,temp3,1.4,4.5,0.1)
gout_rwp3 = proxyJK(distance3, temp3, 2.8)

```

```

TEMP8 = jpeg(file='./FIGS/TEMP8.png',width=7, height=8, bg='white')
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
plot(distance3,temp3,xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
      ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o","C)")),
      xlim=c(3.6,6.6), ylim=c(3,18))
plot(window_temp3$win>window_temp3$error,xlab="Window Size (mm)",
      ylab="Error",,xlim=c(1.4,4.5),ylim=c(0,10))
abline(v=2.26, lty="dotdash", col='black')
abline(v=2.8, col='black')

```

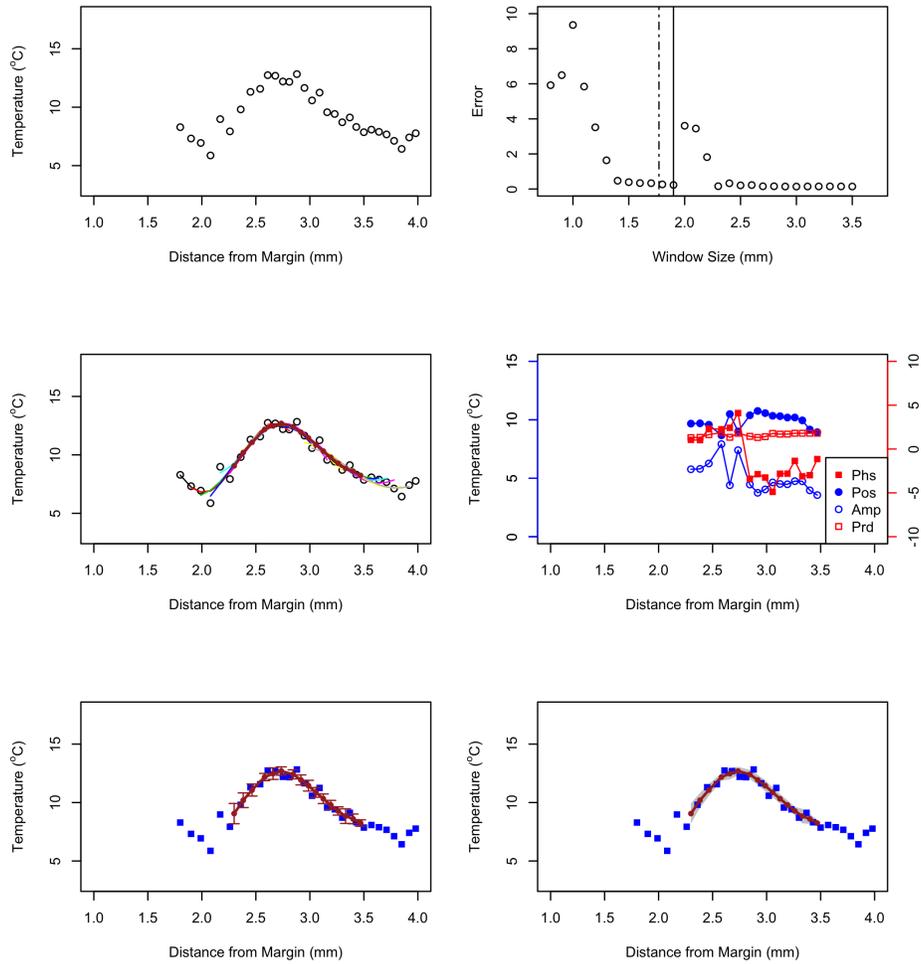


Figure 9: ClamR Example `./FIGS/TEMP7.png`

```

plotproxy1(distance3, temp3, gout_rwp3, xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
           ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)")),
           xlim=c(3.6,6.6), ylim=c(3,18), main="")
plotproxy.all(gout_rwp3, YAXstyle=1,xlim=c(3.6,6.6),
             ylab1=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)")),
             ylim1=c(0,15), ylim2=c(-10,10),legposition="bottomright")
plotproxy.error(distance3, temp3, gout_rwp3, type = 1,
                xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",

```

```

        ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)")),
        xlim=c(3.6,6.6), ylim=c(3,18))
plotproxy.error(distance3, temp3, gout_rwp3, type = 2,
        xlab="Distance from Margin (mm)",
        ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)")),
        xlim=c(3.6,6.6), ylim=c(3,18))

nomoredev()
null device
      1

```

5 Climate record at Croig Cave

climatecc.csv: monthly sea surface temperature (SST) record for the years 1961-1990 derived from observations near Croig Cave, an archaeological site on the Isle of Mull in the Hebrides Islands west of mainland Scotland (Extended Reconstructed Sea Surface Temperature, <http://www.cdd.noaa.gov>, Smith and Reynolds, 2004)

```

####5.2.2 Application to modern climate record at Croig Cave and make
## comparison between reconstructed temperatures and instrumentally measured temperatures

## climate=read.csv(file="./DATA/climate_cc.csv",header=TRUE)

data(climate)
climate_month <- climate$overall
climate_temp <- climate$Temperature
#window size should be 12
gout_climate = proxyJK(climate_month, climate_temp, 12)

TEMP9 = jpeg(file='./FIGS/TEMP9.png',width=7, height=8, bg='white')
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
plot(climate_month,climate_temp,xlab="month",
      ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)")))
#
plotproxy.all(gout_climate, YAXstyle=1,
              ylab1=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)")),
              ylim1=c(0,15), legposition="bottomright")
plotproxy.error(climate_month, climate_temp, gout_climate, type = 1,
                xlab="month",ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)")))
plotproxy.error(climate_month, climate_temp, gout_climate, type = 2,
                xlab="month",ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)")))
nomoredev()

```

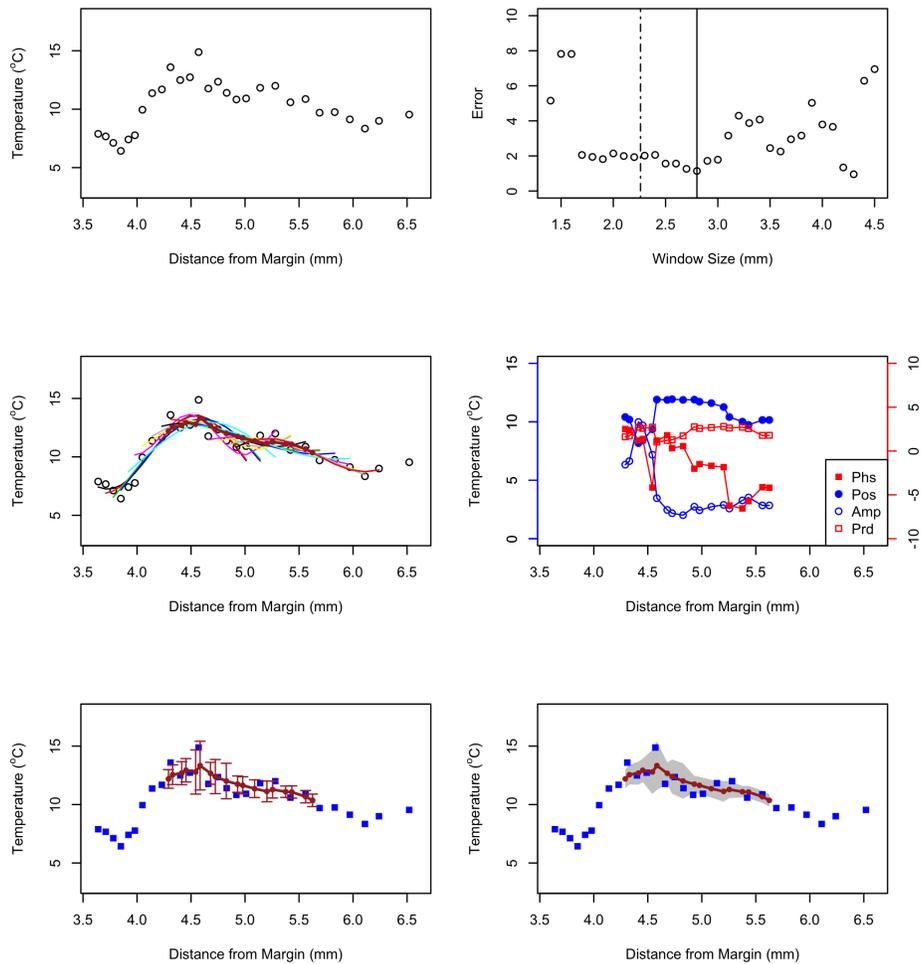


Figure 10: ClamR Example ./FIGS/TEMP8.png

```
null device
1
```

```
TEMP10 = jpeg(file='./FIGS/TEMP10.png',width=8, height=7, bg='white')
par(mfrow=c(2,1))
plotproxy.error11(climate_month, climate_temp, gout_climate, type=2,
```

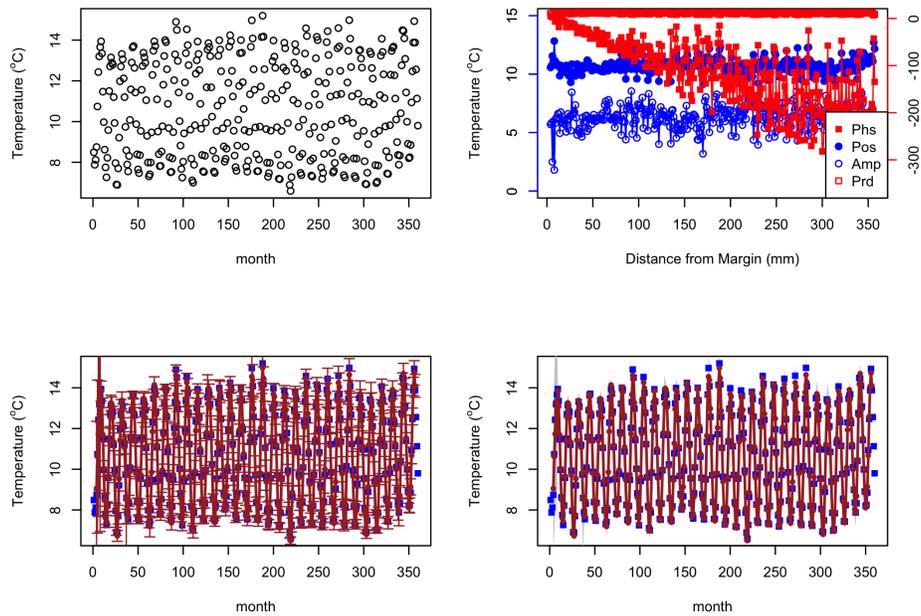


Figure 11: ClamR Example ./FIGS/TEMP9.png

```

        xlab="month",ylab=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)"))
plotproxy.all2(gout_climate, YAXstyle=1,
               ylab1=expression(paste("Temperature ("^"o", "C)")),
               ylim1=c(0,15), legposition="bottomright")
nomoredev()
null device
      1

```

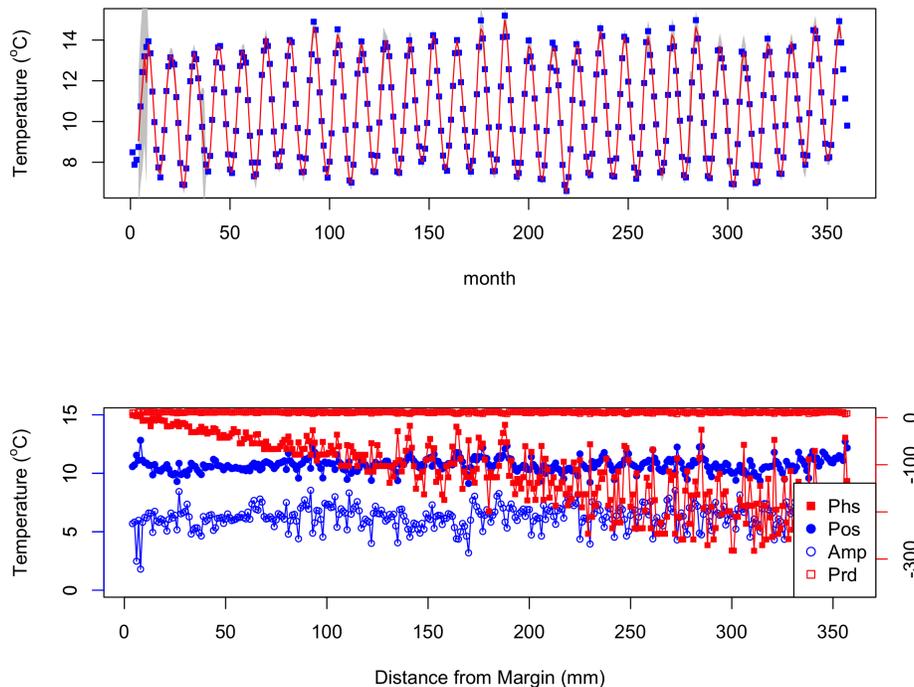


Figure 12: ClamR Example ./FIGS/TEMP10.png

6 Elliot Data Example

elliott.yr1.shell.csv and elliott.yr2.shell.csv: both data sets are selected from the $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ record of a modern *Mercenaria mercenaria* shell collected live from Cedar Key in northern Florida and measured and analyzed by Elliot et al. (2003). elliott1.csv records one summer (including the most negative $\delta_{18}\text{O}$). elliott2.csv records one winter (including the most positive $\delta_{18}\text{O}$).

elliottyr1temp.csv and elliottyr2temp.csv: because the modern *Mercenaria mercenaria* shell by Elliot et al. (2003) is well dated and its in situ records of SST and salinity are available, the predicted $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ are also derived from the local instrumental data. elliottyr1temp.csv is the predicted $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ for the summer interval of elliott1.csv. elliottyr2temp.csv is the predicted $\delta_{18}\text{O}$ for the winter interval of elliott2.csv.

```
## elliott_yr1_shell=read.csv(file="./DATA/elliott_yr1_shell.csv",header=TRUE)
## elliott_yr1_temp=read.csv(file="./DATA/elliott_yr1_temp.csv",header=TRUE)
```

```

data(elliott_yr1)
date1<-elliott_yr1$date1
d18o1<-elliott_yr1$d18o1
date_temp1<-elliott_yr1$date_temp1
d18o_pred1<-elliott_yr1$d18o_pred1
elliott_yr1 = list(date1=date1, d18o1=d18o1, date_temp1=date_temp1, d18o_pred1=d18o_pred1)

window_elliott1=windowsize(date1,d18o1,0.8,2.16,0.1)
#set window size to 1.2mm
gout_elliott1 = proxyJK(date1, d18o1, 1.2)
TEMP11 = jpeg(file='TEMP11.png', width=7, height=8, bg='white' )
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
plot(date1,d18o1,xlab="Age(years)",
      ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), xlim=c(1994.9,1996.2), ylim=c(-2.5,2))
plot((window_elliott1$win)/2,window_elliott1$error,
      xlab="Window Size (years)", ylab="Error", xlim=c(0.8/2,2.16/2), ylim=c(0,0.5))
abline(v=1.08/2, lty="dotdash", col='black')
abline(v=1.2/2, col='black')
plotproxy1(date1, d18o1, gout_elliott1, xlab="Age(years)",
            ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"),main="",
            xlim=c(1994.9,1996.2), ylim=c(-2.5,2))
plotproxy.all(gout_elliott1, YAXstyle=1, xlim=c(1994.9,1996.2),
              ylim1=c(-2,4), ylim2=c(-5,5),xlab="Age(years)")
plotproxy.error(date1, d18o1, gout_elliott1, type = 1,
                xlab="Age(years)",ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"),
                xlim=c(1994.9,1996.2), ylim=c(-2.5,2))
lines(date_temp1,d18o_pred1, lty="dotted")
plotproxy.error(date1, d18o1, gout_elliott1, type = 2, xlab="Age(years)",
                ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"),xlim=c(1994.9,1996.2), ylim=c(-2.5,2))
lines(date_temp1,d18o_pred1, lty="dotted")
nomoredev()

null device
      1

## elliott_yr2_shell=read.csv(file="./DATA/elliott_yr2_shell.csv",header=TRUE)
## elliott_yr2_temp=read.csv(file="./DATA/elliott_yr2_temp.csv",header=TRUE)

data(elliott_yr2)
date2<-elliott_yr2$date2
d18o2<-elliott_yr2$d18o2

```

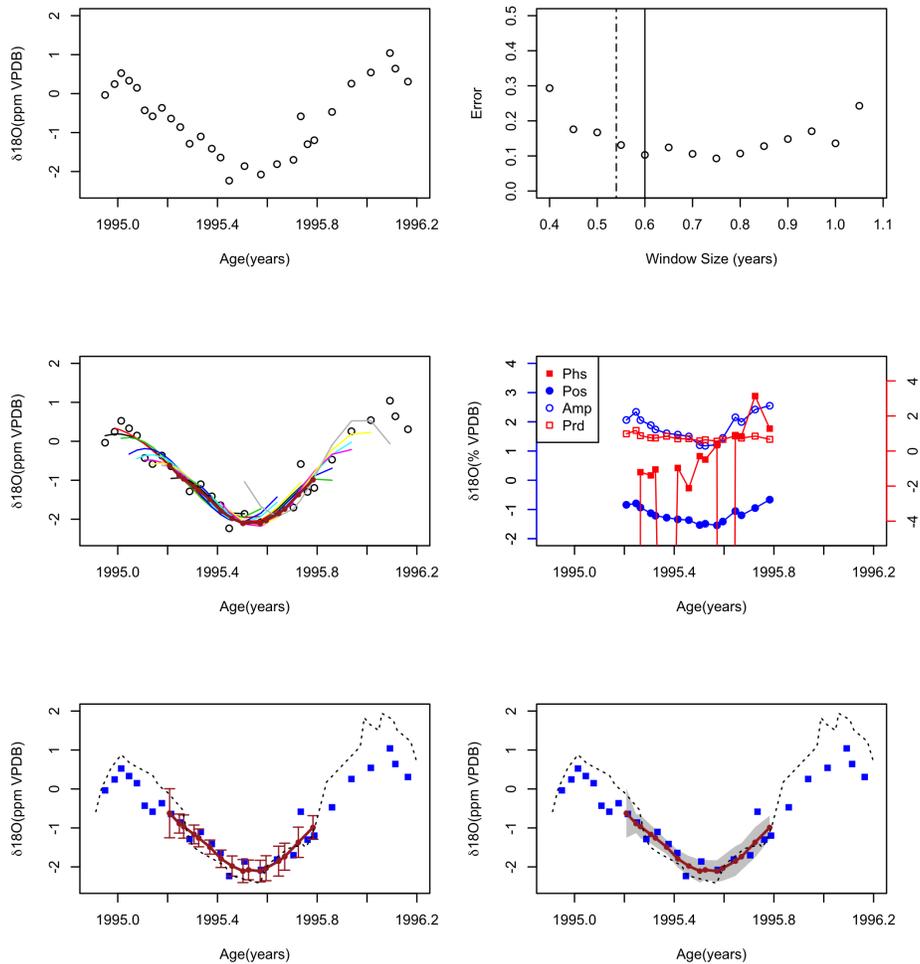


Figure 13: ClamR Example TEMP11.png

```

date_temp2<-elliot_yr2$date_temp2
d18o_pred2<-elliot_yr2$d18o_pred2
elliot_yr2 = list(date2=date2, d18o2=d18o2, date_temp2=date_temp2, d18o_pred2=d18o_pred2)
#half of the wavelength (minimum to minimum distance) is 1.19, the whole wavelength is 2.38
#sampling density is 1.19/(35-5-4-1)=0.0476, round it to 0.1, so eight points is 0.8mm
window_elliot2=window_size(date2,d18o2,0.8,2.38,0.1)
#set window size to 1.2mm
gout_elliot2 = proxyJK(date2, d18o2, 1.2)

```

```

TEMP12 = jpeg(file='TEMP12.png', width=7, height=8, bg='white' )
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
plot(date2,d18o2,xlab="date(year)",ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), xlim=c(1995.2,1996.85), ylim=c(-5,5))
plot((window_elliott2$win)/2,window_elliott2$error,xlab="Window Size (mm)", ylab="Error", xlim=c(1,2), ylim=c(0,1))
abline(v=1.19/2, lty="dotdash", col='black')
abline(v=1.2/2, col='black')
plotproxy1(date2, d18o2, gout_elliott2, xlab="date(year)",ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), xlim=c(1995.2,1996.85), ylim=c(-5,5))
plotproxy.all(gout_elliott2, YAXstyle=1, xlim=c(1995.2,1996.85), ylim1=c(-2,4), ylim2=c(-5,5))
plotproxy.error(date2, d18o2, gout_elliott2, type = 1, xlab="date(year)",ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), xlim=c(1995.2,1996.85), ylim=c(-5,5))
lines(date_temp2,d18o_pred2, lty="dotted")
plotproxy.error(date2, d18o2, gout_elliott2, type = 2, xlab="date(year)",ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), xlim=c(1995.2,1996.85), ylim=c(-5,5))
lines(date_temp2,d18o_pred2, lty="dotted")
nomoredev()
null device
      1

```

##plot them together

```

TEMP13 = jpeg(file='TEMP13.png', width=7, height=8, bg='white' )
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(date1,d18o1,xlab="Age(years)",ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), xlim=c(1994.9,1996.85), ylim=c(-5,5))
lines(date_temp1,d18o_pred1, lty="dotted")
plotproxy.error(date1, d18o1, gout_elliott1, type = 2, xlab="Age(years)",ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), xlim=c(1994.9,1996.85), ylim=c(-5,5))
lines(date_temp1,d18o_pred1, lty="dotted")
plot(date2,d18o2,xlab="Age(years)",ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), xlim=c(1995.2,1996.85), ylim=c(-5,5))
lines(date_temp2,d18o_pred2, lty="dotted")
plotproxy.error(date2, d18o2, gout_elliott2, type = 2, xlab="Age(years)",ylab=expression(delta*"180(ppm VPDB)"), xlim=c(1995.2,1996.85), ylim=c(-5,5))
lines(date_temp2,d18o_pred2, lty="dotted")
nomoredev()
null device
      1

```

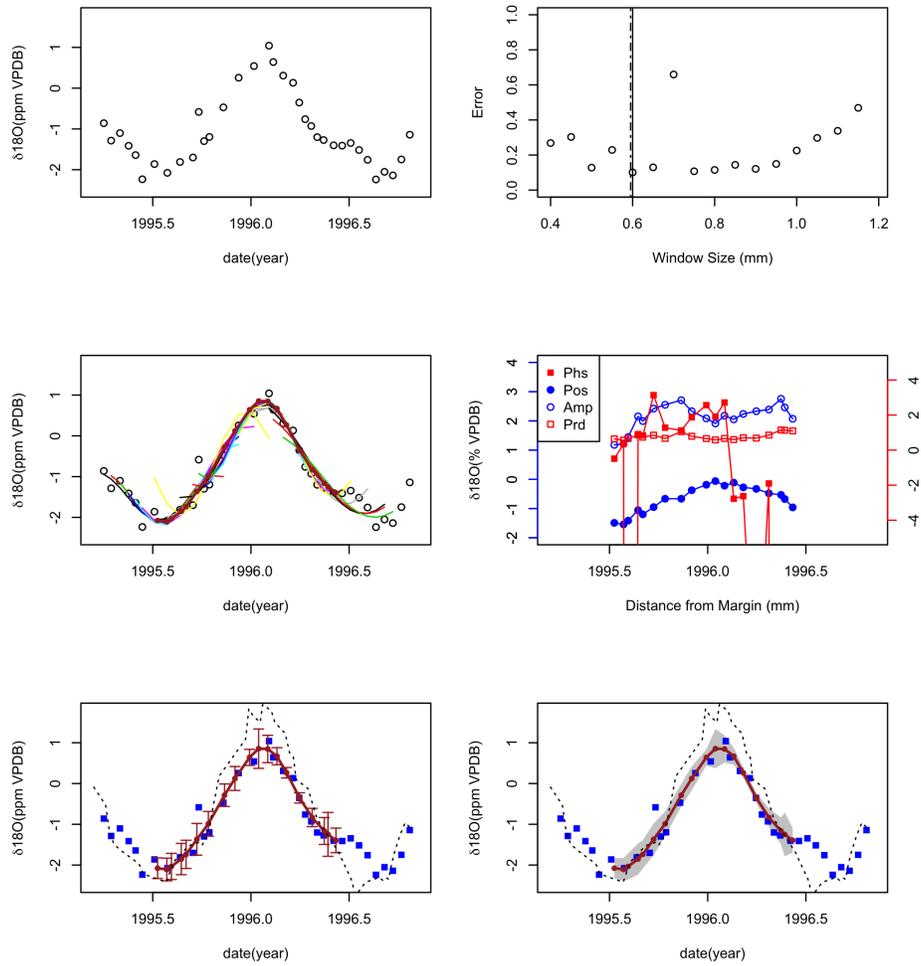


Figure 14: ClamR Example TEMP12.png

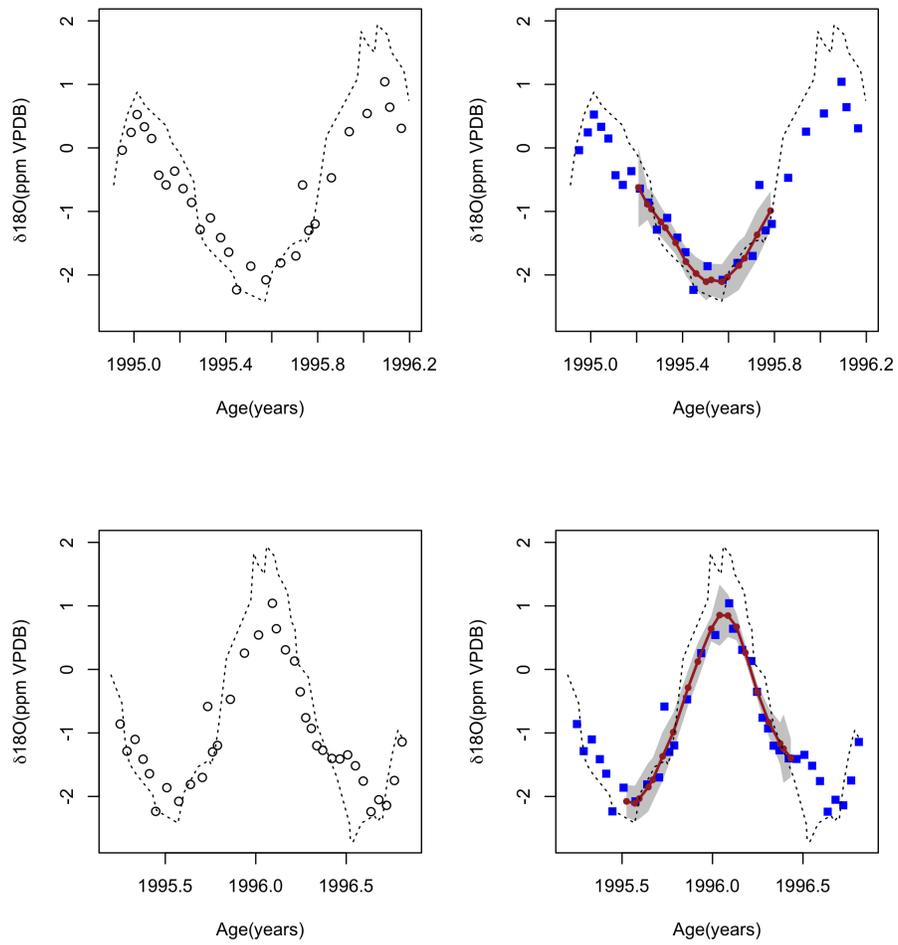


Figure 15: ClamR Example TEMP13.png